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RGB SiPMs TO Metallic Package

General Description

The Silicon PhotoMultiplier (SiPM) is an innovative solid-state silicon detector with single photon sensitivity. SiPMs are a valid alternative to photomultiplier tubes (PMT detectors). The main benefits of this detector are: high gain, extremely good timing performance, low operative voltage, insensitivity to magnetic field and high integration level.

Advanced Silicon Detectors

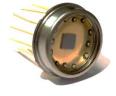
ASD RGB-SiPMs are based on the AdvanSiD "N-on-P" silicon technology for detection of Red, Green, and Blue light. RGB-SiPMs have peak efficiency at 550 nm, with detection spectrum extending from 350 nm to 900 nm.



Metallic TO18 Glass Window



Metallic TO18 Glob Top Silicone Resin



Metallic TO8 Glass Window

_____Application

- High Energy Physics
- Flow Cytometry
- Medical Imaging
- Biological Sensors

Analytical Instruments

- Nuclear Medicine
- SEM Microscopy
- DNA SequencingHomeland Security

Product Code

Confocal Microscopy

Ordering Information

Description

ASD-RGB1S-M	1x1 mm ² active area SiPM – TO18
ASD-RGB1S-MG	1x1 mm ² active area SiPM – TO18
ASD-RGB1C-M	1.2 mm circular active area SiPM – TO18
ASD-RGB1C-MG	1.2 mm circular active area SiPM – TO18
ASD-RGB3S-M	3x3 mm ² active area SiPM – TO8
ASD-RGB4S-M	4x4 mm ² active area SiPM – TO8

S indicates square SiPM; C indicates circular SiPM; M indicates metallic package with glass window; MG indicates metallic package with glob top.

Red, Green, Blue light detection

- Superior breakdown voltage uniformity
- Low noise
- Excellent temperature stability
- Detection of extremely faint light
- Very high gain (10⁶)
- Extremely good timing performance
- Insensitive to magnetic fields
- Not damaged by ambient light
- Small and compact

Features

Absolute Maximum Ratings_

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	-25	+40	°C
Ts	Storage temperature	-40	+60	°C
T _{sol}	Lead temperature (solder) 5s		+250	°C
M_{VW}	Max voltage working range	Breakdown \	/oltage + 4	V

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Geometrical, Electrical, and Optical Typical Characteristics (T_a = 20 °C)___

		Product				
Symbol	Parameter	ASD-RGB1S-M/MG	ASD-RGB1C-M/MG	ASD-RGB3S-M	ASD-RGB4S-M	
AA	Effective active area	1×1 mm ²	1.13 mm ²	3×3 mm ²	4×4 mm ²	
Ν	Cell count	625	673	5520	9340	
CS	Cell size (pitch)	40 μm × 40 μm				
FF	Cell fill-factor	60 %				
RQ	Quenching resistance	550 kΩ				
С	Cell capacitance	90 fF				
τrc	Recharge time constant	50 ns				
S _R	Spectral response range		350 to 900 nm			
λ_{p}	Peak sensitivity wavelength	550 nm				
PDE	Photon Detection Efficiency ⁽¹⁾	32.5 %				
BV	Breakdown voltage ⁽²⁾	Typical: 27 V Min: 2		: 25 V Max: 29 V		
σBV	BV standard deviation ⁽³⁾	50 mV				
OV	Recommended Overvoltage range ⁽⁴⁾	Min: 2 V Max: 4 V			c: 4 V	
DCR	Dark Count Rate ⁽⁵⁾	< 100 kHz/mm ² @ 2 V OV < 200 kHz/mm ² @ 4 V OV		m² @ 4 V OV		
G	Gain ⁽⁶⁾	2.7×10 ⁶				
BVTC	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	27 mV/°C				

(1) Measured at peak sensitivity wavelength ($\lambda = \lambda_p$) at +4 V overvoltage (not including afterpulse and crosstalk).

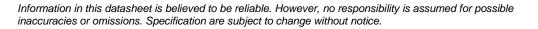
(2) Refer to the data provided with each shipped product.

(3) BV of SiPMs belonging to a same production lot is within 200 mV ($\pm 2\sigma$) from mean BV value.

(4) Operating voltage (SiPM bias) is BV + OV, to be applied in reverse mode, i.e., V_{AK} < 0 (see "Pins Function" section).

(5) 0.5 p.e. threshold level at 20 °C (primary dark count rate; not including afterpulse).

(6) Measured at 20 °C at +4 V overvoltage.





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Dimensional Outlines

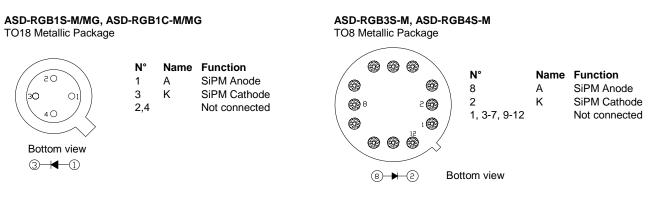
Units = mm	Mechanical	tolerance =	+0 15 mm	unless	otherwise noted.
O(100) = 10000	Meenanica		±0.15 mm	unic33	ounci wise noteu.

Product	Top View	Side View	Bottom View
ASD-RGB1S-M TO18 4 pins with glass window cap for SiPM 1x1 mm ² active area size Material: Kovar			
ASD-RGB1S-MG TO18 4 pins with glob top for SiPM 1x1 mm ² active area size Material: Kovar	5,40		2 O 3O OI 4 O 2.54
ASD-RGB1C-M TO18 4 pins with glass window cap for SiPM 1.13 mm ² active area size Material: Kovar	SC S,40		
ASD-RGB1C-MG TO18 4 pins with glob top for SiPM 1.13 mm ² active area size Material: Kovar	9 g 9 g 5,40		
ASD-RGB3S-M TO8 12 pins with glass window cap for SiPM 3x3 mm ² active area size Material: Kovar		13.97 13.97 12.06 12.06 13.97 12.06 12.06 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
ASD-RGB4S-M TO8 12 pins with glass window cap for SiPM 4x4 mm ² active area size Material: Kovar			



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Pins function



Device Characteristics

This section reports typical SiPM reverse and forward I/V curves and the dependences on overvoltage, temperature, and wavelength of most relevant device parameters. Refer to the data accompanying each shipped product for more detailed information.

All measurements are performed in a tight-light climatic chamber at T=20°C, unless otherwise noted.

SiPM output signals are amplified with ASD-EP-EB-N or ASD-EP-EB-PZ evaluation boards and acquired with fast oscilloscopes; the digitized data is then processed with dedicated PC programs.

Explanation of SiPM working principle and details on SiPM properties and parameters can be found on the guide *"Introduction to SiPMs"* available at http://advansid.com/resources/the-silicon-photmultiplier.

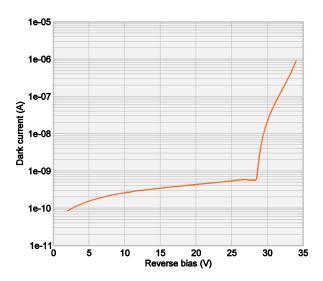


Fig.1 Typical reverse IV curve (ASD-RGB1S-M).

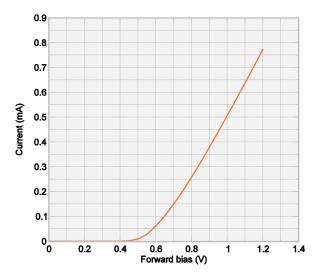


Fig.2 Typical forward IV curve (ASD-RGB1S-M).



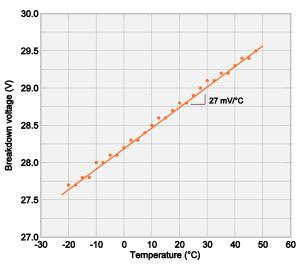


Fig.3 RGB-SiPMs breakdown voltage temperature dependence.

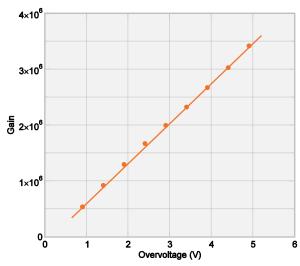


Fig.5 Gain of RGB-SiPMs as a function of overvoltage.

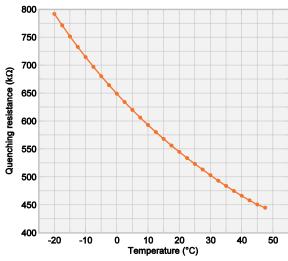


Fig.7 Temperature dependence of poly-silicon quenching resistance in RGB-SiPMs.

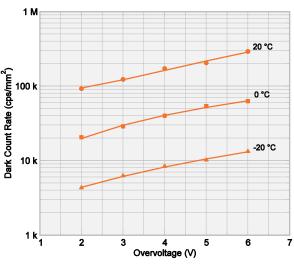


Fig.4 Dark count rate per square mm in RGB-SiPMs as a function of overvoltage and temperature. 0.5 p.e. threshold level. Primary dark count rate, not including afterpulse.

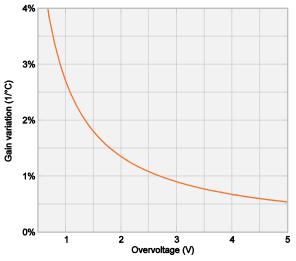
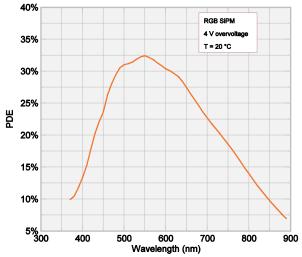
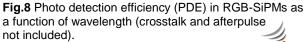


Fig.6 Relative variation of gain with temperature in RGB-SiPMs as a function of overvoltage.





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AdvanSiD

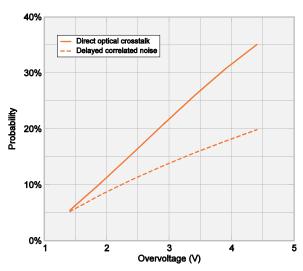


Fig.9 Correlated noise probability in RGB-SiPMs as a function of overvoltage. Delayed correlated noise includes delayed crosstalk and afterpulse.

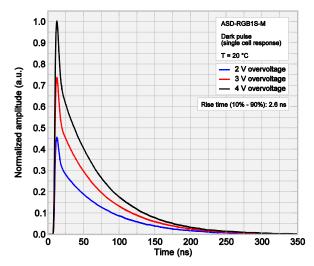


Fig.10 RGB-SiPM pulse shape (dark pulses, single cell response) at different overvoltage. Recharge time constant is 50 ns. Signals acquired with ASD-EP-EB-N.

Information in this datasheet is believed to be reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for possible inaccuracies or omissions. Specification are subject to change without notice.



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